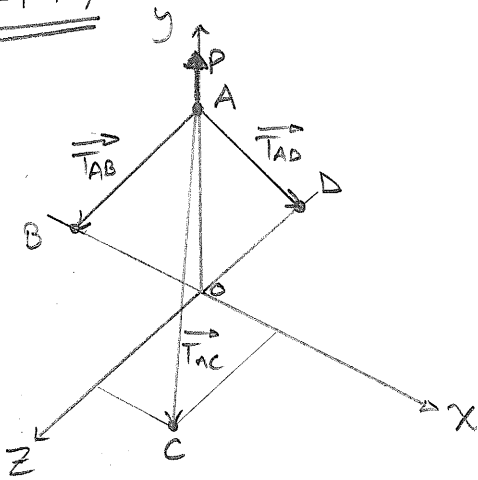


SEMAINE 3: (25 SEPT - 2 OCT) 2.99, 2.114, 2.125, 2.131

2.99

$$T_{AB} = 259 \text{ N}$$

Les forces en A sont: T_{AB} , T_{AC} , T_{AD} et P

$$\vec{AB} = -4.2\vec{i} - 5.6\vec{j} \Rightarrow AB = 7.0 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{AC} = 2.4\vec{i} - 5.6\vec{j} + 4.2\vec{k} \Rightarrow AC = 7.4 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{AD} = -5.6\vec{j} - 3.3\vec{k} \Rightarrow AD = 6.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{P} = P\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{T}_{AB} = T_{AB} \frac{\vec{AB}}{AB} = T_{AB} (-0.6\vec{i} - 0.8\vec{j})$$

$$\vec{T}_{AC} = T_{AC} \frac{\vec{AC}}{AC} = T_{AC} (0.32\vec{i} - 0.76\vec{j} + 0.16\vec{k})$$

$$\vec{T}_{AD} = T_{AD} \frac{\vec{AD}}{AD} = T_{AD} (-0.86\vec{j} - 0.51\vec{k})$$

Condition d'équilibre: $\sum \vec{F} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{T}_{AB} + \vec{T}_{AC} + \vec{T}_{AD} + \vec{P} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (-0.6T_{AB} + 0.32T_{AC})\vec{i} + (-0.8T_{AB} - 0.76T_{AC} - 0.86T_{AD} + P)\vec{j} + (0.16T_{AC} - 0.51T_{AD})\vec{k} = 0$$

★ Les coefficients de \vec{i} , \vec{j} et \vec{k} doivent tous = 0

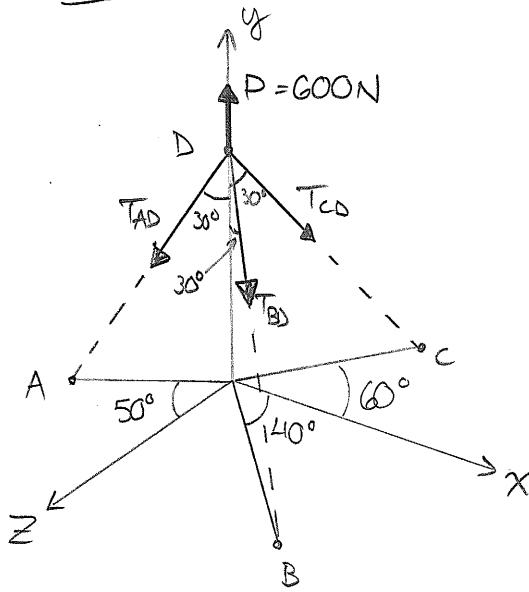
$$\vec{i} \Rightarrow -0.6T_{AB} + 0.32T_{AC} = 0 \Rightarrow T_{AC} = 479.15 \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{k} \Rightarrow 0.16T_{AC} - 0.51T_{AD} = 0 \Rightarrow T_{AD} = 535.66 \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{j} \Rightarrow -0.8T_{AB} - 0.76T_{AC} - 0.86T_{AD} + P = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{P = 1031 \text{ N}}$$

2.114

2/4



On cherche : T_{AD} , T_{BD} et T_{CD}

⇒ Conditions d'équilibre :

$$\sum F_x = \sum F_y = \sum F_z = 0$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 = -T_{AD} \sin 30 \sin 50 + T_{BD} \sin 30 \cos 40 + T_{CD} \sin 30 \cos 60 = 0$$

⇒ on divise par $\sin 30$ pour simplifier :

$$0 = -T_{AD} \sin 50 + T_{BD} \cos 40 + T_{CD} \cos 60 \quad \underline{\text{Eq 1}}$$

$$\sum F_z = 0 = T_{AD} \sin 30 \cos 50 + T_{BD} \sin 30 \sin 40 - T_{CD} \sin 30 \sin 60$$

⇒ divise par $\sin 30$

$$0 = T_{AD} \cos 50 + T_{BD} \sin 40 - T_{CD} \sin 60 \quad \underline{\text{Eq 2}}$$

De l'équation (1) :

$$T_{AD} = \frac{T_{BD} \cos 40}{\sin 50} + \frac{T_{CD} \cos 60}{\sin 50} = T_{BD} + 0,653 T_{CD} \quad \underline{\text{Eq 3}}$$

On substitue dans (2) $(T_{BD} + 0,653 T_{CD}) \cos 50 + T_{BD} \sin 40 - T_{CD} \sin 60 = 0$

$$1,286 T_{BD} = 0,446 T_{CD} \quad \Rightarrow T_{CD} = 2,883 T_{BD} \quad \underline{\text{Eq 4}}$$

De retour dans (3) $T_{AD} = T_{BD} + 0,653(0,347 T_{BD}) \Rightarrow T_{AD} = 2,883 T_{BD} \quad \underline{\text{Eq 5}}$

$$\sum F_y = 0 = P - T_{AD} \cos 30 - T_{BD} \cos 30 - T_{CD} \cos 30 \quad \underline{\text{Eq 6}}$$

On substitue equations 4 et 5 dans 6

$$600 - 2,496 T_{BD} - 0,866 T_{BD} - 2,496 T_{BD} = 0$$

$$600 = 5,858 T_{BD}$$

$$\boxed{T_{BD} = 102,4 \text{ N}}$$

$$\boxed{T_{AD} = 295,3 \text{ N}}$$

$$\boxed{T_{AC} = 295,3 \text{ N}}$$

On retourne dans 4 et 5

2,125

$$P = 341 \text{ N } \vec{j}$$

$$y = 155 \text{ mm}$$

$$x = 200 \text{ mm}$$

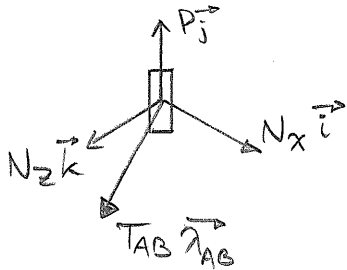
$$AB = 525 \text{ mm} = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} = \sqrt{200^2 + 155^2 + z^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 460 \text{ mm}$$

$$\vec{AB} = 200 \vec{i} - 155 \vec{j} + 460 \vec{k}$$

$$\text{Vecteur unitaire } AB = \vec{\lambda}_{AB} = \frac{200}{525} \vec{i} - \frac{155}{525} \vec{j} + \frac{460}{525} \vec{k}$$

Schéma corps isolé au manchon A :



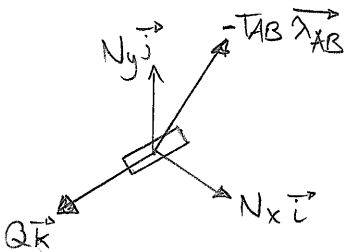
$$\sum \vec{F} = 0 \quad \left(N_x + TAB \frac{200}{525} \right) \vec{i} + \left(P - TAB \frac{155}{525} \right) \vec{j} + \left(N_z + TAB \frac{460}{525} \right) \vec{k}$$

Coefficients de \vec{i} , \vec{j} et \vec{k} doivent = 0

$$\text{en } \vec{j} \Rightarrow P = TAB \frac{155}{525}$$

$$\boxed{TAB = 1155 \text{ N}}$$

Schéma du corps isolé au manchon B :



$$\sum \vec{F} = 0$$

$$0 = \left(N_x - TAB \frac{200}{525} \right) \vec{i} + \left(N_y + TAB \frac{155}{525} \right) \vec{j} + \left(Q - TAB \frac{460}{525} \right) \vec{k}$$

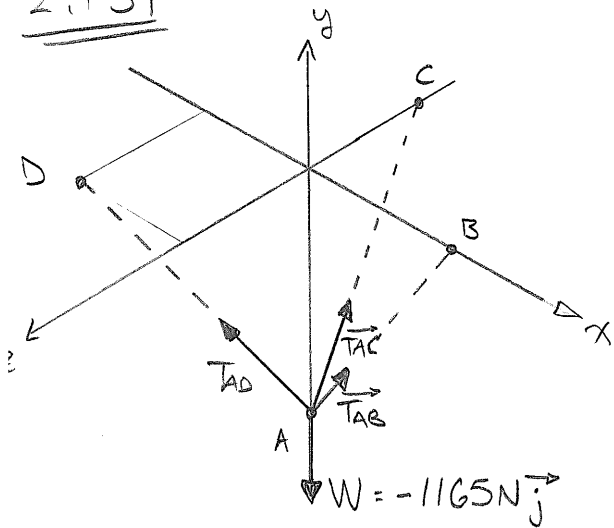
\vec{k} coefficient = 0

$$\therefore Q - TAB \frac{460}{525} = 0$$

$$\boxed{Q = 1012 \text{ N}}$$

2.131

4/4



On cherche T_{AB}, T_{AC}, T_{AD}

$$\sum \vec{F} = 0 = \vec{T}_{AB} + \vec{T}_{AC} + \vec{T}_{AD} + \vec{W} = 0 \quad \underline{\underline{Eq 1}}$$

$$\vec{AB} = 450\vec{i} + 600\vec{j} \quad AB = 750 \text{ mm}$$

$$\vec{AC} = 600\vec{j} - 320\vec{k} \quad AC = 680 \text{ mm}$$

$$\vec{AD} = -500\vec{i} + 600\vec{j} + 360\vec{k} \quad AD = 860$$

$$\vec{T}_{AB} = T_{AB} \lambda_{AB} = T_{AB} \frac{\vec{AB}}{AB} = T_{AB} (0,6\vec{i} + 0,8\vec{j}) \quad \underline{\underline{Eq 2}}$$

$$\vec{T}_{AC} = T_{AC} \lambda_{AC} = T_{AC} \frac{\vec{AC}}{AC} = T_{AC} (0,88\vec{j} - 0,47\vec{k}) \quad \underline{\underline{Eq 3}}$$

$$\vec{T}_{AD} = T_{AD} \lambda_{AD} = T_{AD} \frac{\vec{AD}}{AD} = T_{AD} (-0,58\vec{i} + 0,70\vec{j} + 0,42\vec{k}) \quad \underline{\underline{Eq 4}}$$

On substitut equations 2, 3 et 4 dans 1

$$(0,6 T_{AB} - 0,58 T_{AD}) \vec{i} + (0,8 T_{AB} + 0,88 T_{AC} + 0,7 T_{AD} - W) \vec{j} + (-0,47 T_{AC} + 0,42 T_{AD}) \vec{k} = 0$$

Les coefficients de \vec{i} , \vec{j} et \vec{k} sont tous égal à zero.

$$\vec{i} \Rightarrow 0,6 T_{AB} - 0,58 T_{AD} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow T_{AB} = 0,969 T_{AD} \quad \underline{\underline{Eq 5}}$$

$$\vec{k} \Rightarrow -0,47 T_{AC} + 0,42 T_{AD} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow T_{AC} = 0,8895 T_{AD} \quad \underline{\underline{Eq 6}}$$

On substitut eqns 5 et 6 dans:

$$\vec{j} \Rightarrow 0,8 T_{AB} + 0,88 T_{AC} + 0,7 T_{AD} - W = 0$$

$$0,8(0,969 T_{AD}) + 0,88(0,8895 T_{AD}) + 0,7 T_{AD} = W$$

$$W = 2,2578 T_{AD} \quad \Rightarrow \boxed{T_{AD} = 516 \text{ N}}$$

On retourne dans eqns 5 et 6 \Rightarrow

$$\boxed{T_{AB} = 500 \text{ N}}$$

$$\boxed{T_{AC} = 459 \text{ N}}$$